Mithraism, the Roman cult of Mithras, was a mystery religion centered on the god Mithras. The origins of Mithraism are obscure; Mithras is depicted as a Persian god associated with the sun, war, and justice. The cult flourished in the Roman Empire during the 2nd and 3rd centuries CE, spreading from the Italian Peninsula and border regions across the whole of the Roman empire.

Mithraism | Definition, History, Mythology, & Facts | Britannica

The Mithraic Mysteries were a mystery religion practised in the Roman Empire from about 1st century AD to 4th century AD. The temples, called mithraea, were located throughout the empire, from England in the north and west to Palestine in the south and east. Worshippers had a complex system of seven grades of initiation, culminating in a ritual meal featuring bread and wine.

Mithraic Mysteries - Crystalinks

Cybele, Isis and Mithras: The Mysterious Cult Religion in Ancient Rome – Brewminate

The Mithraic Mysteries, also known as the Mysteries of Mithras or Mysteries of the Persians; modern historians refer to them as Mithraism, or sometimes Roman Mithraism. They were a religious cult that flourished in the Roman Empire from about the 1st century AD to the 5th century AD, and played a critical role in the religious landscape of the Roman world.

Mithraism - Ancient History Encyclopedia

The Roman cult of Mithras, also known as Mithraism, was a mystery religion that flourished in the Roman Empire during the 2nd and 3rd centuries. It was characterized by a system of seven grades of initiation and a ritual meal featuring bread and wine.

Mithraism in comparison with other belief systems - Wikipedia

The Roman Cult of Mithras - Tertullian

The Roman deity Mithras appears in the historical record in the late 1st century A.D., and disappears from it in the late 4th century. Unlike other figures of Graeco-Roman religion, such as Jupiter and Hercules, no ancient source preserves the mythology of the god.

The Roman cult of Mithras - Britannica

Mithras, the Persian God Championed by the Roman Army

The Mithraic Mysteries, also known as Mithraism, were a mystery religion in the Roman Empire during the 2nd and 3rd centuries. The temples, called mithraea, were located throughout the empire, from England in the north and west to Palestine in the south and east. Worshippers had a complex system of seven grades of initiation, culminating in a ritual meal featuring bread and wine.

The Roman Cult of Mithras: The God and His Mysteries

The Roman Cult of Mithras: The God and His Mysteries is the standard introduction to the Mithras cult. Since its publication in Germany, Manfred Clauss’s introduction to the Roman Mithras cult has become widely accepted as the most reliable and readable account of this fascinating subject. For the first time, a Mithras expert has synthesized archaeological evidence, literary sources, and literary texts to produce a comprehensive and detailed account of the Mithras cult. The book is richly illustrated with more than 100 photographs and drawings, and provides a valuable and authoritative resource for scholars and historians of early Christianity and the Roman Empire.